

# U. S. PHONE IN CANTIGNY 45 MINUTES AFTER BATTLE STARTS

the Vesle, where the French are valiantly defending the heights. "There is active cannonading on both banks of the Meuse and in the Lorraine sector. "A series of German raids failed north of Bexonvaux (northeast of Verdun, where the Americans are in the line,) and in the Badonviller sector (which includes the American Lunerville sector.)"

## GERMANS TAKEN PRISONER IN TWO RAIDS BY HAIG TROOPS

Enemy Attacks in the Flanders Salient Beaten Back—Artillery Active at Many Points.

### [BRITISH REPORT]

LONDON, May 29.—Following is the statement issued today by the British War Office:

"We carried out a successful raid last night southeast of Arras, and captured prisoners and a machine gun. A few prisoners were taken by us also during the night west of Merville. A raid attempted by the enemy at Givenchy les la Basse was repulsed. A hostile attack upon one of our posts south of the Ypres-Comines Canal also was repulsed after sharp fighting.

"The hostile artillery has been active north of Albert, in the neighborhood of Aette, east of Robecq and northwest of Merville, and has shown somewhat increased activity locally east of Arras and south of Lens."

## RICKENBACHER AND CAMPBELL FIGHT WITH SIX GERMAN PLANES

One Wounded U. S. Sergeant in Combat With Four Germans Drives Them All Back.

### [AMERICAN REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, May 29.—In addition to his report of yesterday announcing the capture of Cantigny, Gen. Pershing's communique said:

"Section B—Yesterday morning three of our planes encountered four hostile planes flying at 3,000 metres in the region of Montsou. In the fighting which ensued Lieut. Douglas Campbell successfully attacked two of the German machines. Of these, one lost both wings and fell. This was referred to in yesterday's communique. In the same encounter one of our aviators was wounded, but succeeded in making a normal landing within our lines.

"Yesterday morning in a sector recently taken over by our troops an American sergeant encountered a German patrol of four men, who had entered one of our trenches during the night. In the fighting which ensued, our sergeant, although receiving three wounds, succeeded in driving out the hostile patrol, which left grenades and wire cutters behind. "In Lorraine, on the evening of May 26, a hostile patrol attempted to penetrate our lines. It was driven off with loss to the enemy with five killed. Of these one was brought into our lines. One of our men was wounded.

"This morning Lieut. Rickenbacher and Lieut. Campbell attacked a group of six enemy planes and brought one down out of control."

## KAISER EXULTANT IN MESSAGE TO EMPRESS FROM THE AISNE FRONT

Tells of Germans Reaching the River and Forecasts Further Progress.

AMSTERDAM, May 29.—The Kaiser is on the Aisne battlefield, at a point south of Laon, according to a despatch from Berlin to-day. "Telegraphing from this point the Kaiser sent the following message to the Kaiserin:

"Wilhelm (the Crown Prince) attacked the English and French along the Chemin-des-Dames, completely surprising them. We have crossed the Aisne and are approaching the Vesle. "Fritz (Prince Eitel Friedrich), with the First Guards Infantry division, was one of the first who reached the Aisne. Our losses are slight. To-morrow we will make further progress."

## NEW GUNS, BIGGER SHELLS IN PARIS BOMBARDMENT

Calibre of Long Range Weapons Now 24 Instead of 21, but Force of Explosion No Greater.

PARIS, May 29.—The long-range bombardment of Paris began again early this morning.

Examination of the shells discharged by the Germans indicates that new guns are being used. Larger shells are being employed than formerly, the calibre of the gun being 21 centimetre (8 1/2 inches) instead of 21. The power charge is greater and the detonation louder, but the force of the explosion does not seem to have increased. A shell exploded yesterday only a dozen yards from a man seated on a bench, and did not injure him.

**POSTUM**  
A BEVERAGE  
THAT MEETS  
PRESENT DEMANDS AGAINST  
WASTE AND  
EXTRAVAGANCE.

## GERMAN THRUST IS NOT ALARMING, VIEW IN LONDON

Newspapers Admit Big Loss of Guns, but Say Drive Will Wear Itself Out.

LONDON, May 29.—London morning newspapers, while admitting the Germans have gained a substantial initial success, deprecate any idea of treating the enemy's advance too seriously. It is recalled that similar thrusts have not been followed by continuous success.

The Daily Chronicle fears that the advance has involved a big loss in guns, but thinks that in other respects it need not cause undue alarm. The paper adds:

"The country is so difficult that Gen. Foch's reserves should have time to intervene before the strategic situation is altered seriously to the detriment of the Allies. The Germans, however, probably have done rather better than they expected, although their achievement thus far does not go much beyond undoing the effects of last year's French victories."

"If the German successes had been won two months ago," says the Daily Graphic, "they would have created a widespread feeling of alarm. Experience, however, has shown that initial successes frequently are followed by long pauses of impotence. Consequently we are able, without making light of the new German advance, to regard it calmly."

The Times sees indications that the retirement was a deliberate outcome of a definite resolution made swiftly in view of the formidable character of the onslaught. It adds:

"The significance of the German advance can not be minimized and the advance to the Vesle converts the attack into an operation of great importance and some menace. The loss of the positions which the Allies have sacrificed so much to maintain is a regrettable development and we fear that many heavy guns may have fallen into the hands of the enemy."

"The enemy's achievement," declared the Daily News, "is formidable and brings them further south than they have been in this sector since trench war began in 1914. But we have grown familiar with the course of these great thrusts which achieve a startling success in the first rush and lose their impetus just as the defense brings its reserves into action. This is what we may anticipate in the present case."

## GEN. PERSHING DECORATES FIVE AMERICAN HEROES

Gallant Marines and Soldiers Win Distinguished Service Crosses for Unusual Gallantry.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 29 (Associated Press).—Three men attached to the American Marine Corps and two American infantrymen have been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous heroism in action. Two are dead.

Pharmacist Fred C. Schaffner, U. S. N., during an engagement on the west side of the St. Mihiel salient, attended to the removal of more than 100 casualties, following a gas shell bombardment April 13. The citation says he disregarded his own preliminary symptoms, "insisting that he was all right, when the contrary was evident. He had to be relieved against his will, and as a result of the gas he died."

Hospital Apprentice Carl O. Kingsbury, U. S. N., did the same but lived. Corp. Walcott Winchenbaugh of the Marines, under fire near the enemy lines, rescued his severely wounded leader, Second Lieut. A. L. Sundval.

Private Charles Schmitz of the infantry, during a single-handed fight against five Germans who had taken cover in a shell hole and killed or wounded all of them with his automatic rifle. "Frank Alekno attacked seven Germans, and although mortally wounded, continued in action until the enemy was driven off. He then carried a message for assistance two hundred yards."

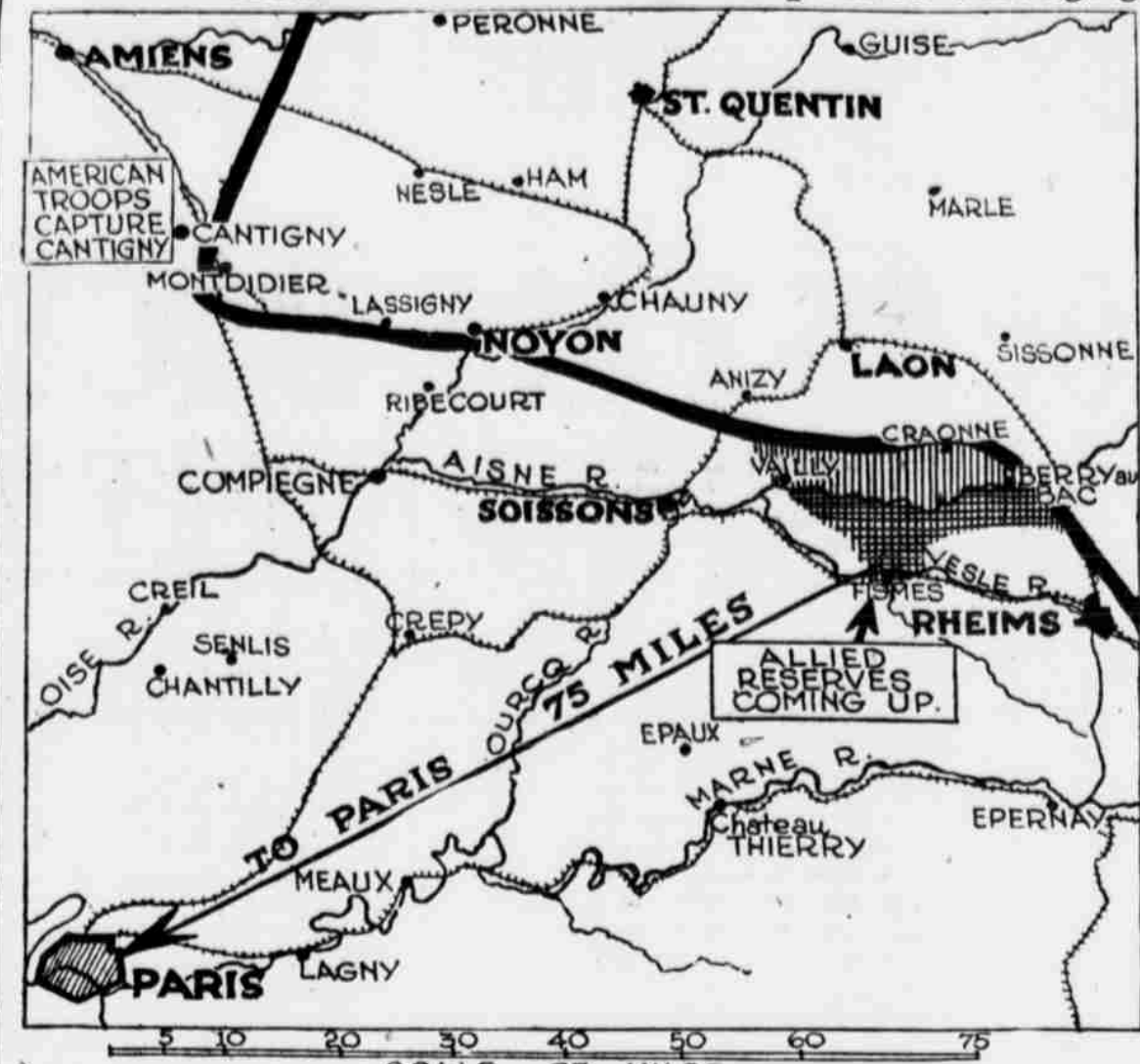
## WITHDRAW DANISH SHIPS, IS GERMAN ULTIMATUM

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Germany has demanded—in a virtual ultimatum—that Denmark withdraw immediately from Allied trade the 400,000 tons of Danish bottoms offered in exchange for needed products from Great Britain and the United States.

News of the serious situation now confronting Denmark leaked out to-day with the arrival here of a Danish ship-broker mission, headed by Dr. J. C. Tan. Negotiations are now under way between Denmark and this country and between Denmark and Germany in an effort to reach an agreement.

**65-Year-Old Ship in Service.**  
BOEYEN, May 29.—The sailing ship Dashing Wave, launched sixty-five years ago at Paterson's N. H., has been seaworthy and seaworthy for expense and will be used this summer in the Alaskan service. The Dashing Wave is known to old time sailors as a famous clipper which plied out of Boston in the coastwise service.

## Map Shows Where Germans Crossed Vesle And Where Americans Captured Cantigny



INDICATES GAIN MADE BY GERMANS ON MONDAY--  
INDICATES YESTERDAY'S GAIN--

The latest German advance, as indicated in the shaded section of the map, was approximately six miles. They have crossed the Vesle River on both sides of Fismes directly in front of the point (indicated by the arrow) toward which some of Gen. Foch's reserves are now being rushed. They are also across in the region of Bazoches. The French by counter attacks have stopped the German advance on the Heights of Neuville-sur-Margival and Vregny, which are northeast of Soissons, while the British have held the enemy at St. Thierry, northwest of Rheims.

The map also gives an idea of the latest advance of the enemy, in its relation to Paris. The Germans have reached a point about sixty-seven miles from the French capital. They are advancing on a line between Vailly and Berry-au-Bac.

up in the trenches all night talking about the approaching adventure with cheerful anticipations. "When we reached Cantigny," he added, "it is only a pile of bricks and stones. Our artillery had leveled the town. The German machine gun bullets were buzzing about like bumble bees, but our fellows didn't pay any more attention to them than if they had been confetti.

"It was the first example of team work I ever saw. There was not a hitch anywhere. The men cracked jokes and sang, but they were business-like in their work."

Lieut. Albert E. Billings of Brooklyn, who also was slightly wounded, was brought to the hospital and placed on a cot adjoining that of Lieut. Butler. As soon as their eyes met they clasped hands and greeted each other like long-lost brothers.

"It was a great show, wasn't it?" Billings said. "Gee, I wish the folks at home could have seen it. I wouldn't have missed it for the world."

**PHONED BACK NEWS OF TAKING CANTIGNY; TREACHERY BY GERMANS**  
Thirty Incarcerated in One Dugout for Firing After Shouting "Kamerad."

WITH THE AMERICANS IN PICARDY, May 29 (United Press).—Back at headquarters when the troops started for Cantigny officers waited anxiously for news of the attack. After forty-five minutes of fierce fighting a voice came over the field telephone:

"Hello! This is Cantigny."

And headquarters knew the Americans had taken one of the most important towns on the Aisne front and had won their biggest victory of the war to date.

The report came from a Signal Corps captain. Wire carriers, ignoring the German counter barrage, followed American infantry and French tanks in the attack. When Cantigny fell the field telephone station was ready for business.

The attack took place over a front of more than a mile. Within forty-five minutes after the infantry had gone over Cantigny, the chateau and several hundred yards of German second line trenches were American territory. The regiment sent back 152 prisoners, including five officers. The American gunners neutralized the enemy artillery fire for about five hours. An hour before the attack started tremendous explosions were observed near Cantigny.

A great number of American soldiers rode into battle on the rear end of the tanks, for all the world like kids back home "hopping a ride." After crossing the enemy trenches it was a game of hunting the Boche machine guns. A Corporal attacked an enemy machine gun crew of four men. The Corporal was wounded five times, but he killed three Boches and captured the fourth. He carried off the machine gun on his shoulder until his wounds forced him to lay it down.

The Boches hid in the grass, in the fields, in dugouts—anywhere where there was the slightest cover. Then came the work with bayonets, grenades and flame-throwers. Thirty Germans were incarcerated in one dugout when they fired on the Americans after crying "Kamerad!"

Big cellars in Cantigny, where it was possible to conceal a hundred troops, were completely smashed by the American artillery. Enemy losses were probably the heaviest in these pits of death.

The Germans ran toward the Americans, "Kamerading," in groups of ten and twenty from dugouts, or when they were cornered.

In the hand-to-hand fighting the Americans used the weapon they have learned to love—the bayonet, and the Boches squealed like pigs when they faced the cold steel.

The first question asked by wounded soldiers arriving at the hospital was always as to when they would be able to return to the line. "If anything more like this is coming off I don't want to miss it," explained one.

After the first arrivals the doctors were extremely wary in handling the patients until they had examined their pockets. They found the majority of them had hand grenades tucked all over them. When four grenades were pulled from the hip pockets of one of the boys he mumbled: "Great ball game this morning, doc."

## ATTENTION! REGISTER! 21-YEAR-OLD BOYS MUST FOLLOW THESE DIRECTIONS

No Excuses Will Be Accepted for Failure to Register—Report Early in the Day.

All men who became twenty-one years of age between June 5, 1917, and June 5, 1918, except those already in the military service of the United States, must register on June 5, 1918, under the Selective Service Law.

Any one who will not be at home on that day should go at once to the nearest local board, fill out the registration card and mail this, with a stamped, self-addressed envelope, to the local board having jurisdiction over his home address. If he does not know the address of the board the card should be mailed to the Mayor of his home city, or if in a country district, to the County Clerk. Such cards must be received by the local boards by June 5.

Registration on June 5 will take place between 7 A. M. and 9 P. M. at the local boards covering the registrant's address. Any registrant who is not certain of the local board to which he belongs should inquire at once at the nearest local board. Any police officer will direct him to such board. Do not wait until June 5 to make this inquiry.

On June 5 registrants should report to their local boards early in the day, so as to avoid any possibility of being unable to register.

Persons who are ill should send a friend to the local board, which will give directions as to the methods of registration.

No excuses will be accepted for failure to register, and persons failing to do so will be guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be immediately inducted into military service.

## NAVAL OFFICER INDICTED AS A HOARDER OF FOOD

Two Tons of Sugar Among Supplies Found in Washington Home of Medical Director Nash.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The first indictment for food hoarding in the United States was returned to-day against a United States naval officer—Medical Director F. T. Nash, U. S. N., and his wife, Carolina.

An inventory taken at their residence showed \$2,000 worth of supplies on hand, including two tons of sugar and one-half ton of rice.

Dr. Nash is a prominent navy officer here and his wife is well known in fashionable circles. They live in the high class residence district and home and garage, when searched, looked like a warehouse. They even had stored four barrels of fresh water in case the water supply was cut off and several cases of candles in the event of the electric light plant being put out of business. Tons of foodstuffs, including half a ton of flour, 700 pounds of ham and bacon, hundreds of cans of meats, fish, vegetables and fruits, many chairs of cordials, champagne, wines, whiskey and brandy and even tea, oysters, salt, talcum powder and shaving soap were found in great quantities.

## 252 GERMAN PLANES DOWNED IN ONE WEEK

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Allied airmen brought down and destroyed 252 German airplanes during the week between May 16 and May 23, War Office reports received by the British military attaché stated to-day. The operations include only the western front.

Patrol Which Pressed Forward Quickly Driven Back in Two-Hour Combat.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, May 28 (United Press).—The terrible German gas attack which began at 1 o'clock yesterday morning was broken up by American artillery fire after two batches of gas had been thrown into our positions. Guns began pounding the projector layout as soon as the first flock of "tin cans" was sent over, and soon had pounded the outfit to pieces.

During the attack the Germans despatched a patrol of sixty men against the American outposts in the gassed area, expecting to take some prisoners. The Americans met the Germans with a stiff rifle and grenade fire. In a two-hour fight the Boches failed to penetrate the American wires and finally retired. Their losses were considerable.

A few men were in a hospital under the motherly care of American nurses. They were mostly boys who had taken off their gas masks during the German patrol attack, in order to see better how to direct their rifle and grenade fire at the Boches.

They had been brought to the hospital in American ambulances in remarkably quick time. Despite their suffering they were enthusiastic at the prospect of soon getting another whack at the Germans.

"Oh, I'll be back with the boys in a couple of days," said one, "then watch me get them."

## MOUNTAIN BATTLE 12,000 FEET UP IS WON BY ITALIANS

Positions Northwest of Trent Are Carried After Forty Hours of Fighting.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Tuesday, May 28 (Associated Press).—One of the most brilliant mountain operations since the beginning of the war was carried out by the Italians in the Tonale region, northwest of Trent, early this week, particulars regarding which are now being received. The basin of Presena Lake was captured by Italian Alpini after forty hours of fierce fighting against a numerically superior enemy.

The Austrians were well entrenched, having at their disposal strong fortifications built before the beginning of the war and greatly strengthened since then. The great Presena mountain was reached by the Alpini after attacking four times under a heavy fire. The enemy was finally overwhelmed by a bayonet drive.

The fight was rendered more difficult by the condition of the ground, which was low and slippery with late spring snow. The Italians advanced up steep ascents, down precipices and over glaciers.

ROME, May 27.—The brilliant victory of the Italians in the Tonale region was won in fighting on ground about 12,000 feet above the sea, amid melting snows and everlasting glaciers. The battle was remarkable on account of the highly specialized troops engaged and the mechanical devices applied.

The Tonale Mountain, dominating the Canonica Plateau and the approaches to Paradise Pass, had been neglected by both sides as a field for offensive operations, but now becomes more important.

Among the results of the Italian attack were the blowing up by artillery fire of an important Austrian munitions depot and the capture of two telegraph lines which ran through Paradise Pass. The Italians were assisted greatly by a violent artillery fire. It required heroic efforts by the Alpini to carry the guns to the mountain tops.

## WARTIME ECONOMY DEMANDS THE USE OF A SNAPPY RELISH THAT TURNS A SECOND QUALITY FOOD INTO FIRST QUALITY. THAT'S ECONOMY! TRY

**LEA & PERRINS SAUCE**  
THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE  
Makes old dishes new.

**DEED.**  
RUPPERT.—WILLIAM RUPPERT, Services, COMPLETE, GENERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 40th St., Wednes. day, 8.30 P. M.

**RELIGIOUS NOTICES.**  
CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, American Ave. and 11th St., Thursday, May 30, 1918.  
7.50 A. M.—St. John's Communion.  
11.00 A. M.—St. John's Service of Prayer for the Nation. Address by Bishop Lind. Special Music.  
8.00 P. M.—Evening Prayer.

**CANEY**  
PENNY A POUND PROFIT  
Impressive Offerings and Specials for Memorial Day  
Combination Packages, Gift Packages, Patriotic Sweets, Novelties and Military Packages in Excellent Variety. Ask Our Salespeople.

**Special for To-Day, Wednesday**  
CHOCOLATE AND VANILLA BUTTERSCOTCH LEMPS—These sweets have been made of the richest, most delicious ingredients. Butter, cream, vanilla, chocolate, and vanilla—rich and creamy. A delicious treat for all. **19c**

**Extra Special for Wednesday, May 29th**  
AMERICAN FILLED CONFECTIONS—A novelty collection of intricately flavored sweets, having hard candy centers, richly flavored and fillings of either some delicious fruit or a rich cream. A truly delicious treat. **44c**

**WE ALSO OFFER**  
MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED MARASCHINO CHERRIES—Big, Red, Ripe, Luscious Cherries, coated with sweet milk, are first placed in rich Fondant Cream, and lavishly covered with our World Renowned Premium Milk Chocolate, unexcelled in richness and flavor. **54c**

**REGIMENTAL SWEETS**  
—Contains an assortment of the finest confectionery. Includes: Butter, Raisins, Biscuits, Almonds, Licorice, Peppermint, Cakes, and much more. A truly delicious treat. **1.49**

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New York  
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